



Is Your Drinking Water Protected from Contamination?

No question about it, the primary job of Woodinville Water District is to protect the integrity of our customer's drinking water. To insure that our customers draw a clean glass of water when opening the tap, the district continues to emphasize the Cross-Connection Control program, working with customers to prevent contamination of any kind. Cross-connections are points in the water system where it is possible for contaminating fluids to be pulled into the water system.



It's important to know where potential cross-connections backflows can occur:

AT HOME

- Bathtub
- Boiler feed line/Radiant heat
- Decorative ponds
- Dialysis equipment
- Dishwasher
- Fire sprinkler system
- Garden hose
- Hose sprayer
- Hot tub
- Ice maker
- Lawn irrigation system
- Livestock drinking tank
- Photo lab sink
- Spas/Hot tubs
- Swimming pools
- Wells

AT WORK

- Air conditioning system
- Boiler feed line
- Bottle washing equipment
- Chemical feeder for dry cleaning
- Chemical mix tank
- Cooling tower
- Dental equipment
- Etching tank
- Film/photo developing sink/tank
- Fire sprinkler system
- Janitors' sink
- Laboratory equipment
- Post-mix beverage dispenser using CO2
- Sewer flushing
- Steam generating equipment
- X-ray equipment

If you have one of these hazards make sure your drinking water is protected from possible contamination by verifying you have proper backflow protection. You can call the Water Quality Department 425-487-4125 and have a free inspection to ensure your drinking water is protected.

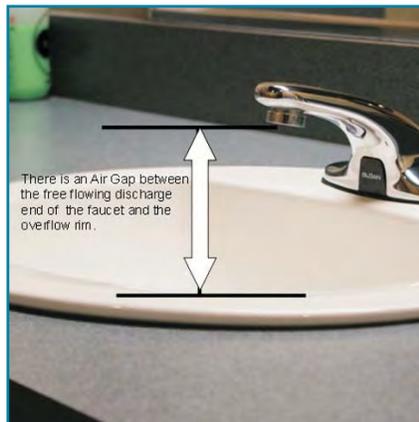
Water systems depend on water pressure to keep water flowing through the pipes in the proper direction. Anything that causes a drop in water pressure can cause a reverse flow, or backflow, or even a back suction into the water pipes.

To protect your family and/or employees from a cross-connection you want to make sure you have the proper backflow protection. Inside your home or business you may have several cross-connection hazards that have the potential to contaminate yours and your neighbors drinking water. Without the proper backflow protection and testing these hazards can contaminate your drinking water. Some cross-connection hazards such as a sink, bathtub and toilets have built in air gaps for backflow protection; other hazards like a hose bib should have anti-siphon devices on them for protection. These hazards are protected by the Plumbing Code.

Here are some examples of how your drinking water is protected from backflow contamination. Without the proper backflow protection and testing, these hazards can contaminate your drinking water.



A hose bib with built in anti-siphon backflow protection.



An air gap on a sink is backflow protection for the faucet.



A hose bib without backflow protection can be easily protected with an anti-siphon adaptor.